Ancient Rome Forms of Government: Brief Summary

Monarchy

-Ruled by kings

Republic

- Citizens have the right to vote, but not all people are citizens; rest of population are slaves (usually the conquered people)
- Citizens are broken into two groups: Patricians (upper class who have wealth; small percentage of the population and they control the Senate) and plebeians (ordinary citizens and majority of the society)
- Patricians and plebeians will eventually clash and struggle for power

Empire

- Julius Caesar, strong military leader, tries to seize power at the cost of the patricians; Caesar is murdered
- Octavian, Caesar's adopted son, assumes leadership of the empire in 27 BCE; is given the title, "Augustus" by the Senate; first emperor of Rome